



ORION-1 Trial

Inclisiran lowers LDL-C and PCSK9 irrespective of diabetes status without worsening glycemia

Lawrence A Leiter, MD, FRCPC, FACP, FACE, FAHA
St Michael's Hospital, Toronto

ORION-1: Diabetes status subgroups

Presented on behalf of the Steering Committee



Lead authors Lawrence A Leiter, MD, FRCPC, FACP, FACE, FAHA
Hwee Teoh, PhD

Principal investigator Kausik K Ray, MBChB, MD, MPhil

Chairman John JP Kastelein, MD, PhD, FESC

Members and national investigators Ulf Landmesser, MD, FESC
Lawrence A Leiter, MD, FRCPC, FACP, FACE, FAHA
R Scott Wright, MD, FACC, FESC, FAHA

Members David Kallend, MBBS
Peter Wijngaard, PhD

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Disclosures for Lawrence A Leiter, MD



Research grants

- Astra Zeneca, Amgen, Esperion, Kowa, Merck, Sanofi/Regeneron, The Medicines Company

Advisory panels

- Astra Zeneca, Amgen, Merck, Sanofi/Regeneron

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Major progress in ASCVD - but challenges remain



PCSK9 inhibition is now a validated target for reducing LDL-C and ASCVD

- mAb therapy requires 12-26 injections per year
- Adherence with PCSK9 mAbs is not substantially better than that with statins²

1. Sabatine MS et al. N Engl J Med. 2017;376:1713-1722
2. Hines D et al. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2017;69 (11 Suppl):159

Poor adherence and LDL-C variability are associated with poor outcomes³

- Approximately 9% of ASCVD risk is attributable to poor adherence⁴
- Limitations are most relevant in high risk patients

3. Bangalore S et al. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2015;65:1539-48
4. Chowdhury R et al. EHJ 2013;34:2940-8

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Inclisiran: A novel agent to address unmet needs



RNAi harnessing

Viable option to inhibit PCSK9 and lower LDL-C¹

Inclisiran

Synthetic siRNA that inhibits PCSK9 synthesis in the liver²

Phase I trial

300 mg inclisiran lowered LDL-C 50-60% for 84 days³

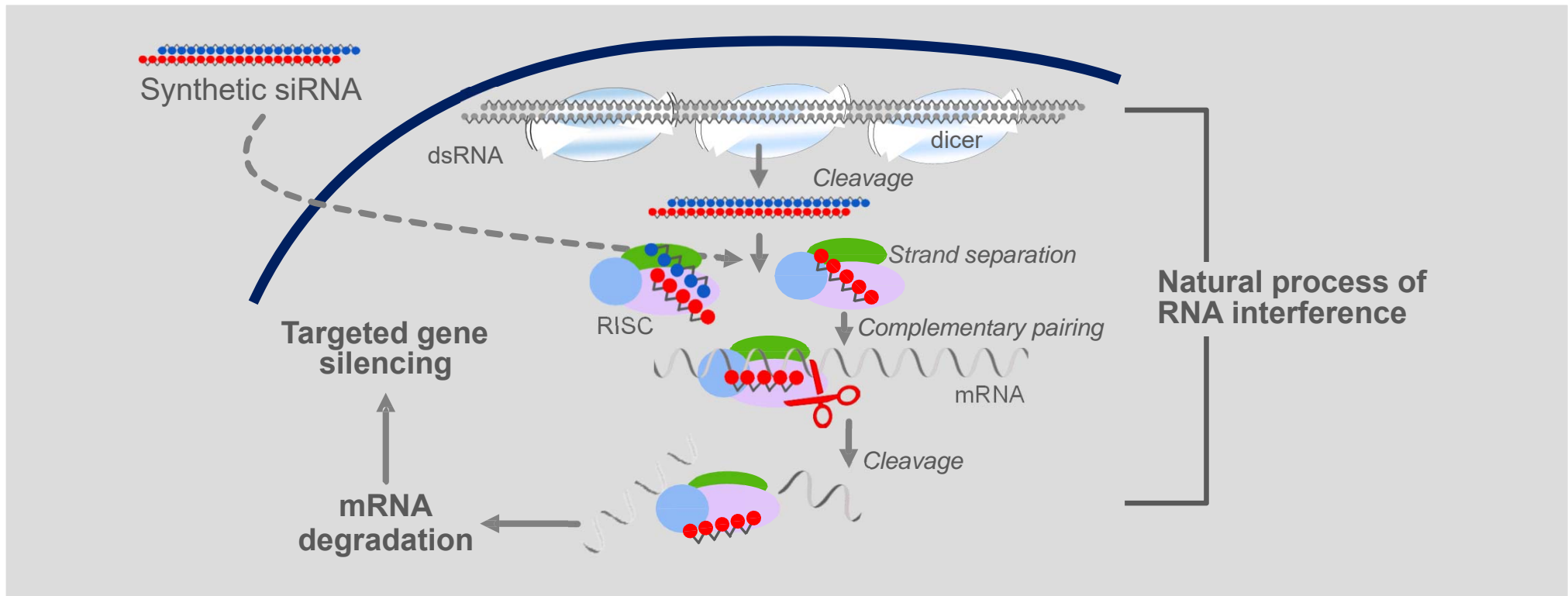
1. Wittrop A, Lieberman J. Nat Rev Genet. 2015;16:543-52..

2. Fitzgerald K et al. Lancet. 2014;383:60-68

3. Fitzgerald K et al. N Engl J Med. 2017;376:41-51

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RNAi – A natural process for inhibiting mRNA



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GalNAc-siRNA conjugate facilitates hepatic uptake

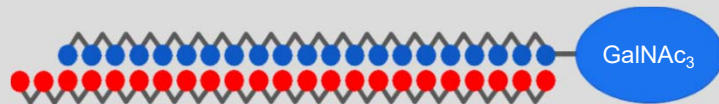


Asialoglycoprotein receptor

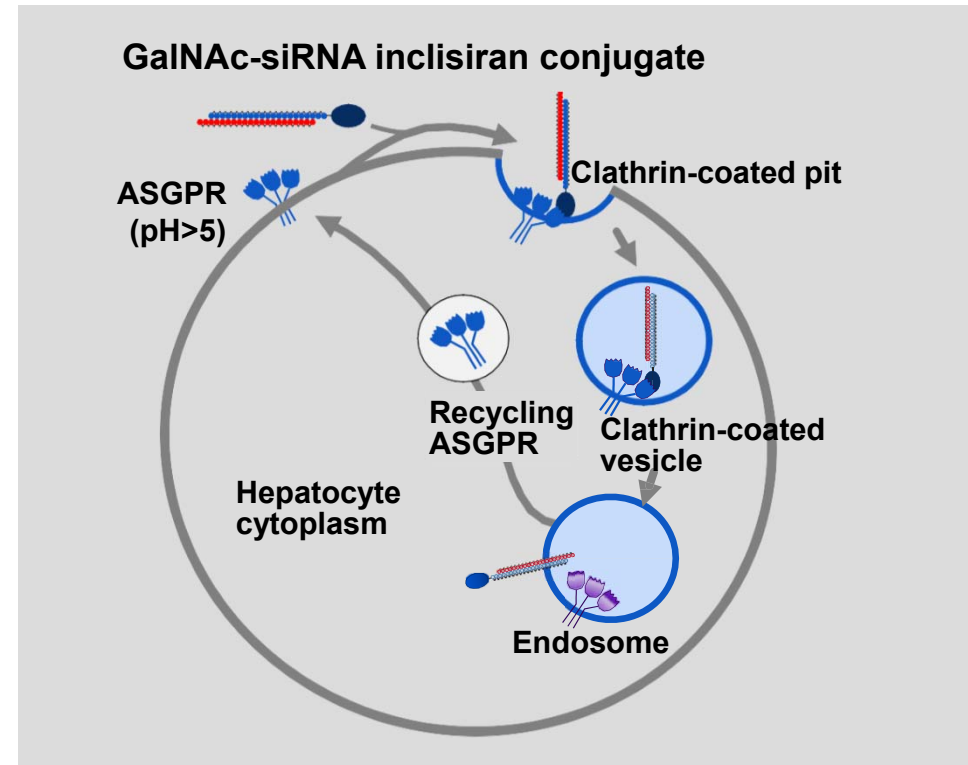
- Expressed only by hepatocytes
- High rate of ligand uptake

Inclisiran

- siRNA conjugated to N-acetylgalactosamine



- Subcutaneous administration
- Targeted delivery to hepatocytes



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Trial entry criteria



Phase II dose-finding trial

≥18 years old



ASCVD

LDL-C >70 mg/dL
(1.8 mmol/L)

all patients on maximally tolerated statin ± other lipid-lowering Rx

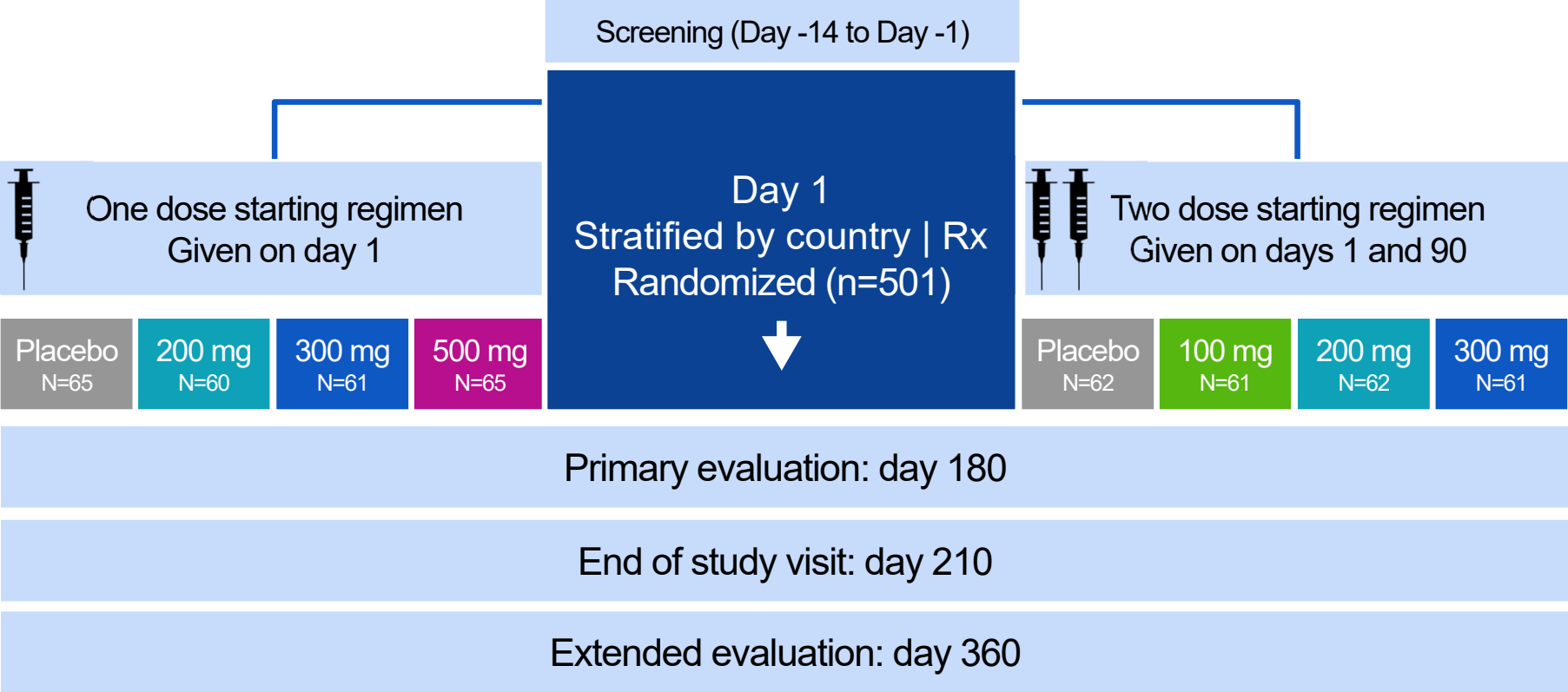
ASCVD risk equivalents

LDL-C >100 mg/dL
(2.6 mmol/L)

ASCVD = atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease
Ray KK et al. N Engl J Med. 2017;376:1430-1440 | ClinicalTrials.gov NCT02597127.

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Overall trial design



Ray KK et al. N Engl J Med. 2017;376:1430-1440 | ClinicalTrials.gov NCT02597127

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Overall trial results have been published



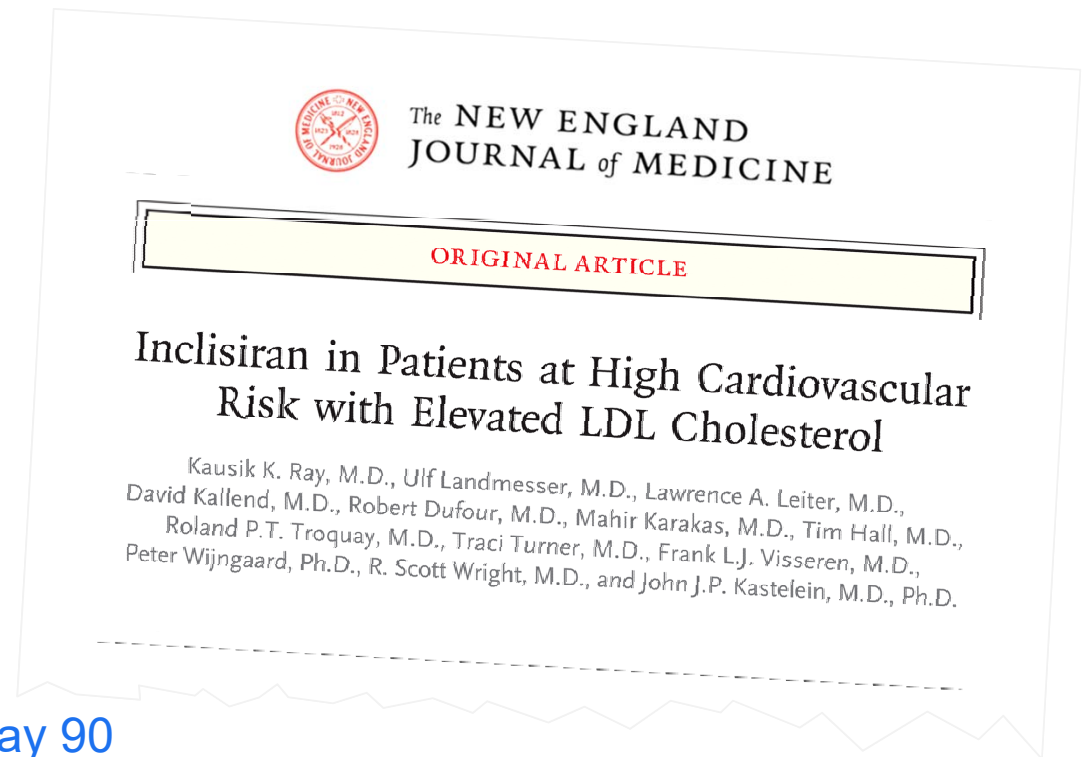
Safety data

- No concerns

Efficacy data

- All patients responded at 300 mg dose given 2x with significant LDL-C lowering
- Mean LDL-C↓ at 6 months: 53% (absolute reduction 64 mg/dL)
- Maximum LDL-C↓ at 6 months: 81%

Future studies will have dosing at Day 1, Day 90 and every 180 days thereafter



Ray KK et al. N Engl J Med 2017; 376:1430-1440

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Analysis of patients without versus with diabetes



Pre-specified protocol objective and methods

To compare the impact of inclisiran in patients with and without diabetes at baseline on:

- PCSK9 levels
- Lipid profile
- Glycemic control

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Patient baseline characteristics



ITT

One starting dose

Two starting doses

**Without diabetes
(n=223)**

**With diabetes
(n=27)**

**without Diabetes
(n=203)**

**with Diabetes
(n=43)**

Placebo
(n=57)

Inclisiran
(n=166)

Placebo
(n=7)

Inclisiran
(n=20)

Placebo
(n=53)

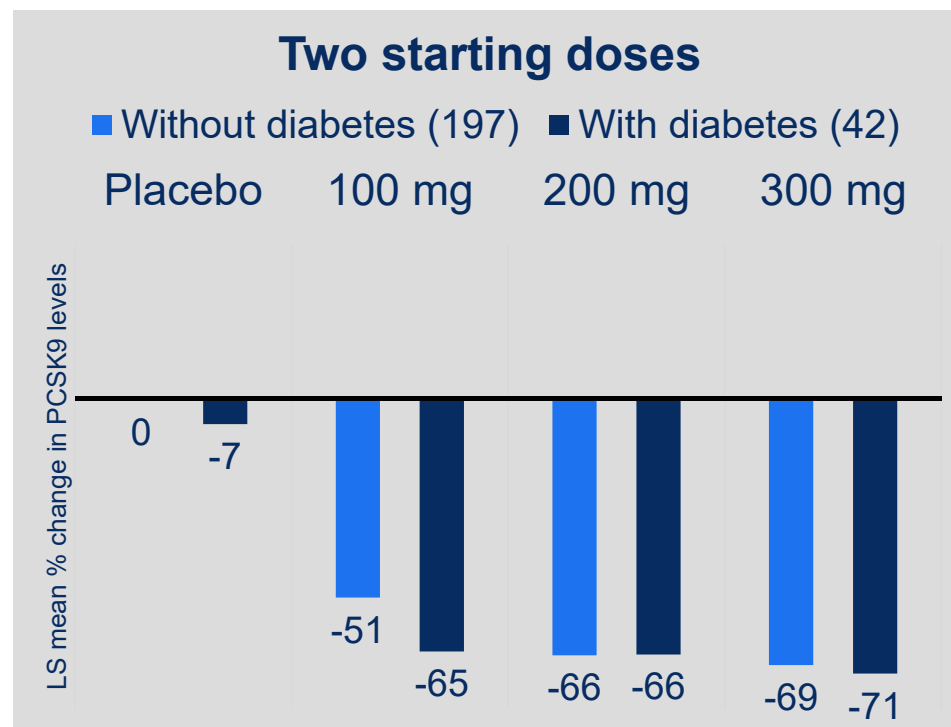
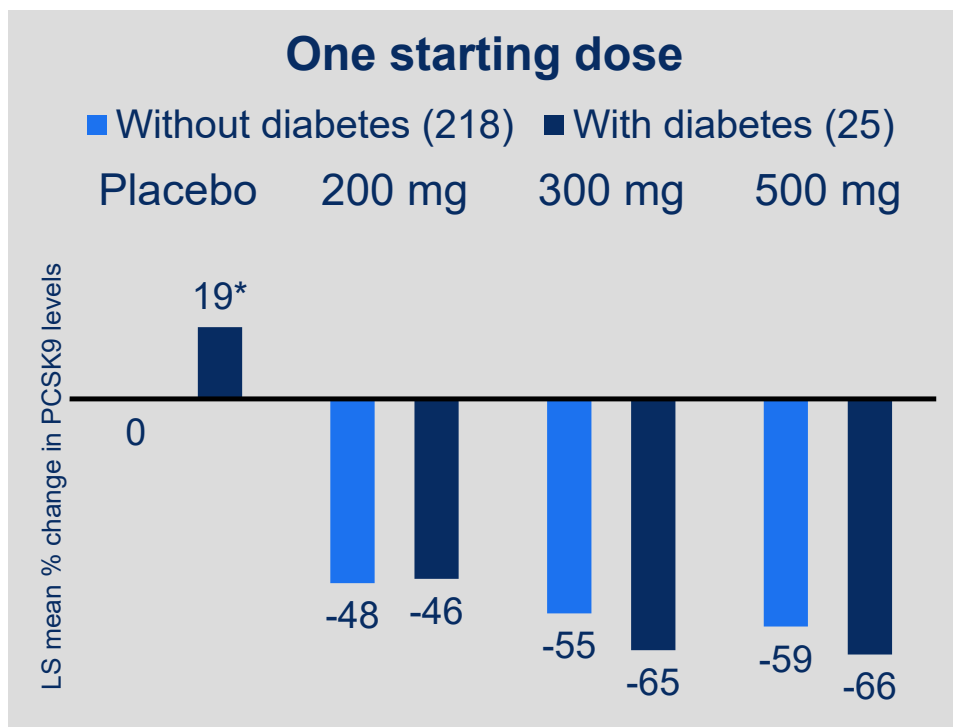
Inclisiran
(n=150)

Placebo
(n=9)

Inclisiran
(n=34)

Data are presented as % or median for the intention-to-treat population, which consisted of all participants who underwent randomization

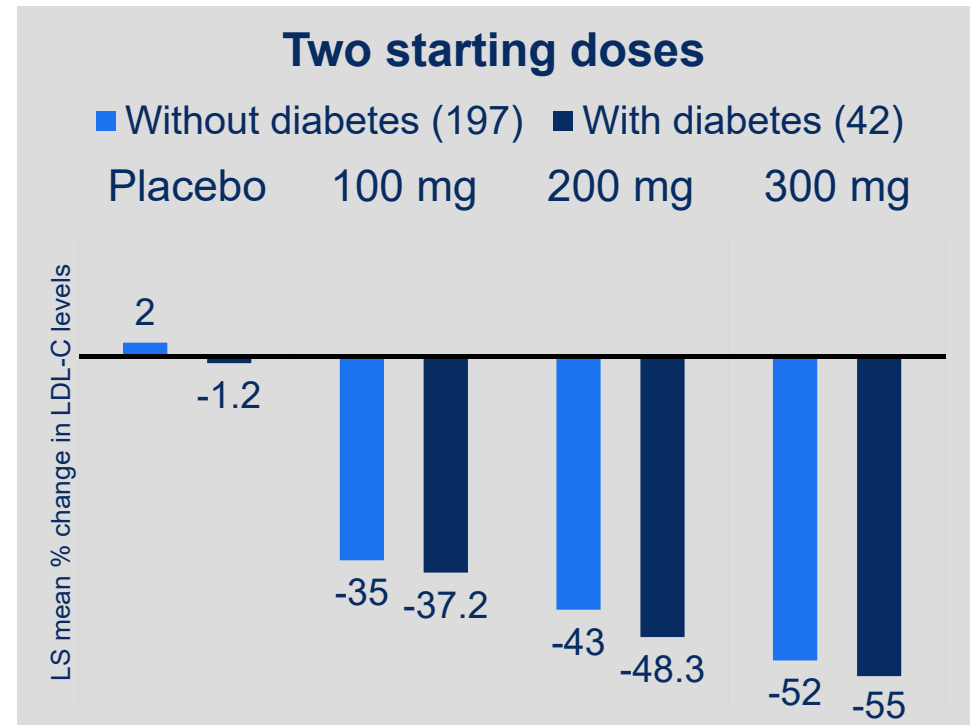
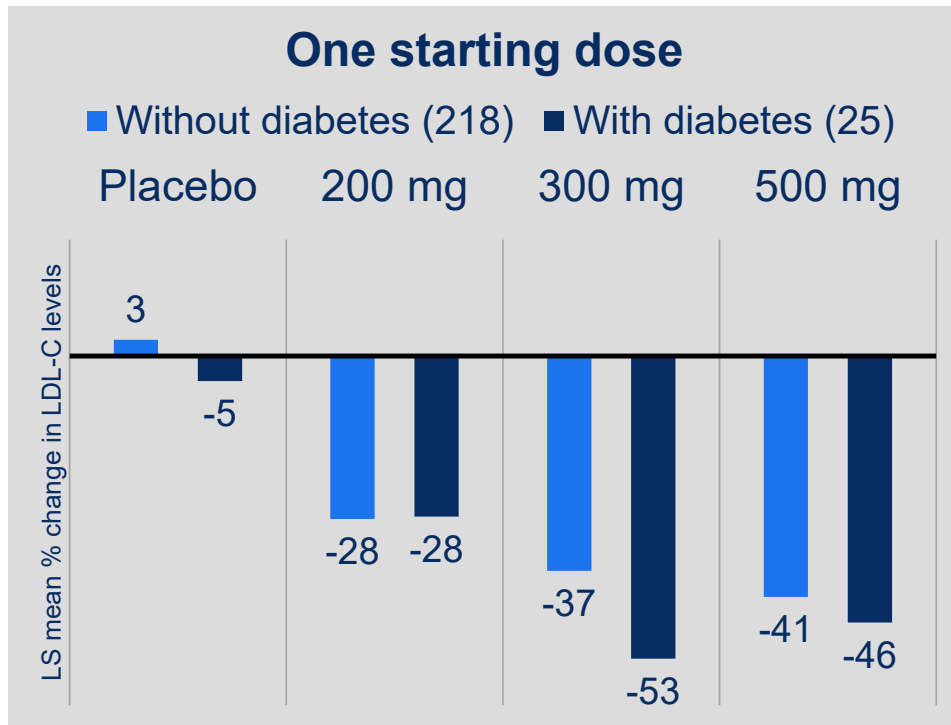
ORION-1: Diabetes status subgroups PCSK9 levels – similar lowering from Day 1-180



*P = 0.0116 vs. group without diabetes; all others, P > 0.05 for the difference between participants with and without diabetes within each treatment arm at Day 180.

ORION-1: Diabetes status subgroups

LDL-C levels – similar lowering from Day 1-180



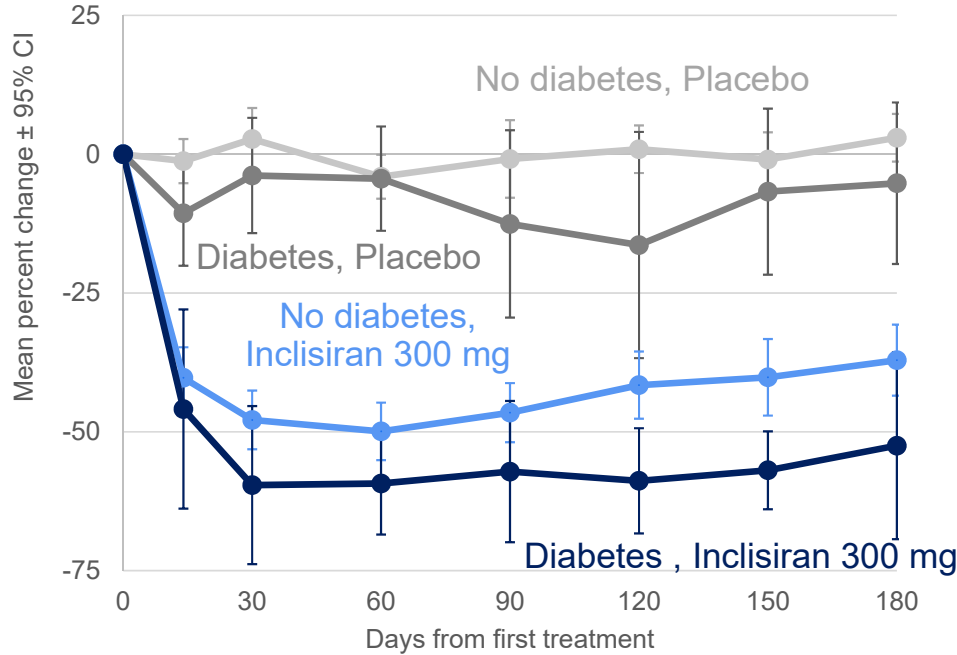
Primary endpoint evaluation. $P > 0.05$ for the difference between participants with and without diabetes within each treatment arm at Day 180.

ORION-1: Diabetes status subgroups

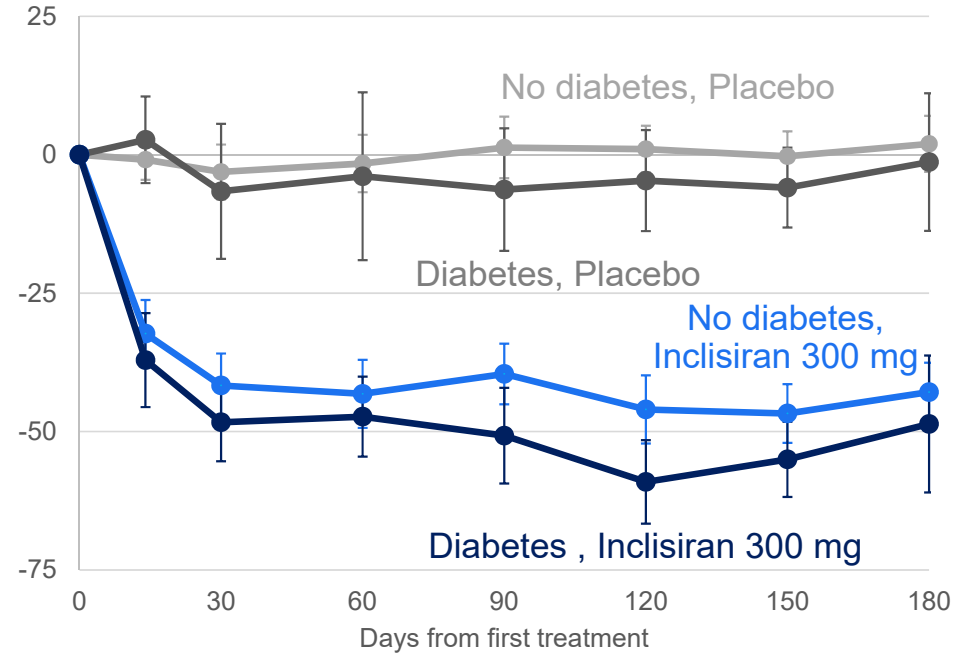
LDL-C lowering similar without versus with diabetes



Placebo or inclisiran 300 mg given Day-1
One starting dose

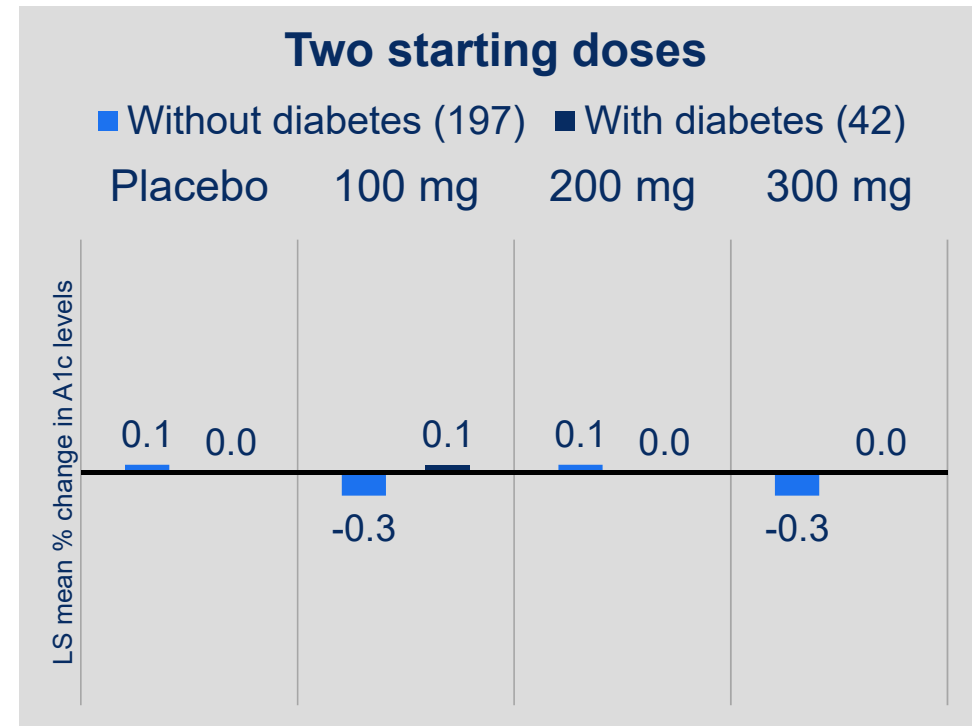
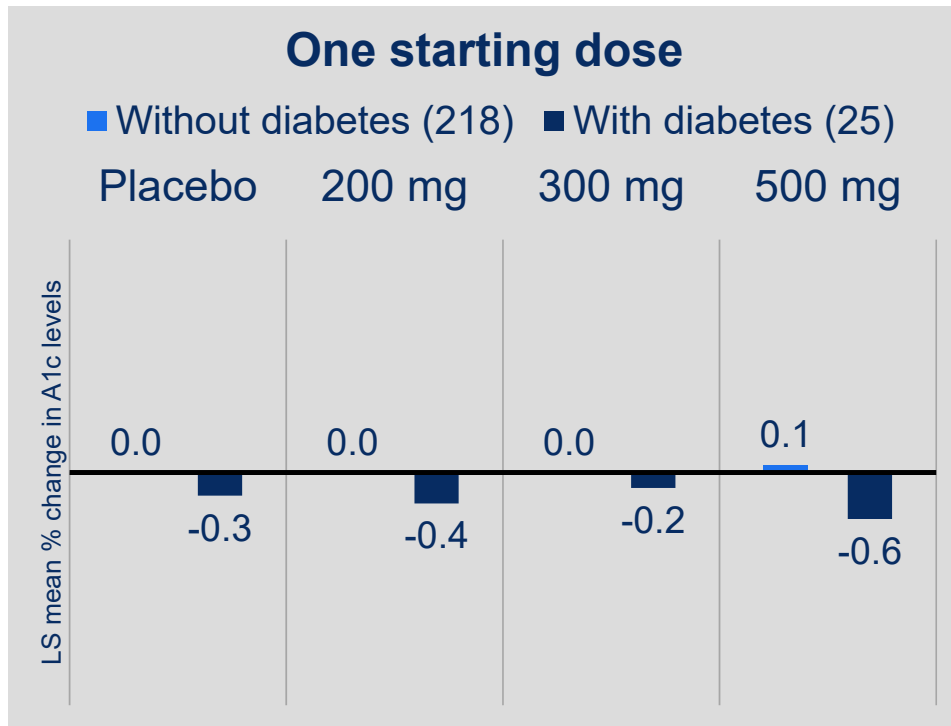


Placebo or inclisiran 300 mg given Day-1 and -90
Two starting doses



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HbA1c levels – no differential change from Day 1-180



P > 0.05 for the difference between participants with and without diabetes within each treatment arm at Day 180.

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AE profile was similar in both groups



Pre-specified safety population

Doses	Treatment group	Without diabetes					With diabetes				
		N	≥1 AE	≥1 SAE	Death	Myalgia	N	≥1 AE	≥1 SAE	Death	Myalgia
1	Placebo	57	72%	5%	0%	5%	7	71%	0%	0%	0%
	Inclisiran (200 to 500 mg)	166	75%	10%	1%	5%	20	75%	10%	0%	5%
2	Placebo	53	81%	9%	0%	4%	9	89%	11%	0%	11%
	Inclisiran (100 to 300 mg)	150	79%	12%	1%	10%	34	71%	18%	0%	6%

No unexplained or persistent elevations in any liver parameter considered related to inclisiran
 No symptomatic/clinically significant elevations of creatinine kinase in any inclisiran-treated group

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Summary



For the primary efficacy endpoint at 180 days, 300 mg inclisiran given at Day 1 and 90

- Lowered LDL-C by >50% in persons with ASCVD or ASCVD-risk equivalents, regardless of whether they had diabetes or not
- Had no effect on glycemia
- Displayed no clinically important safety signals

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Conclusions



Inclisiran may represent an excellent alternative to monoclonal antibodies to PCSK9 in individuals both with and without diabetes

Inclisiran is characterized by a much lower injection frequency and a clean safety profile to date, attributes that could help with therapeutic adherence and clinical efficacy for cardiovascular risk reduction